









NASA Sustainable Flight National Partnership Overview

Dr. Richard A. Wahls (Rich) Sustainable Flight National Partnership Mission Integration Manager, Aeronautics Research Mission Directorate 8th International Workshop on Aviation and Climate Change University of Toronto Institute for Aerospace Studies, Toronto, Canada May 31, 2023

Outline



- Introductory Remarks
 - NASA & Global Context
- Sustainable Flight National Partnership (SFNP)
 - Elements
- Concluding Remarks



CONTEXT NASA Aviation Transformations



ULTRA-EFFICIENT TRANSPORT

FUTURE AIRSPACE AND SAFET



HIGH-SPEED COMMERCIAL FLIGHT



www.nasa.gov |

Four Transformations for Sustainability, Greater Mobility, and Economic Growth

Sustainability – a Global View



ECONOMICS SOCIET **Meet the Mission** Value to People Mobility ENVIRONMEN Freedom Health

Meet the Mission Value to Business Profit to Shareholders Import/Export Trade Balance Jobs

Meet the Mission Protect the Planet Protect Regional & Local Ecosystems

Aviation is Vital to our Nation's Economy

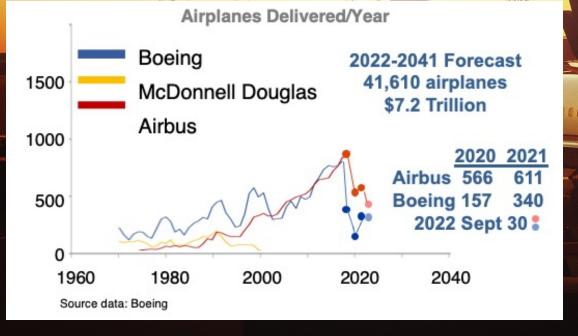
Subsonic Transport Market - Global competition expanding

Pre-COVID

• \$78 billion positive trade balance; the largest positive trade balance of any U.S. manufacturing sector

-

- \$1.8 trillion total U.S. economic activity
- 10.9 million direct/indirect jobs
- 21.3 billion tons of freight transported by U.S. airlines in 2019

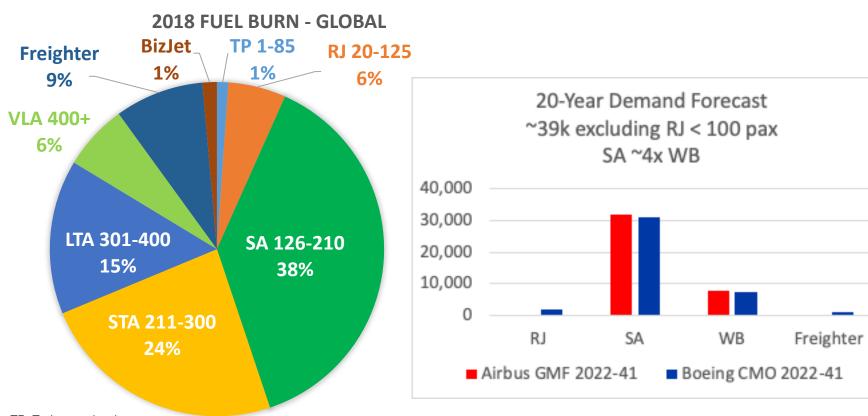


U.S. propulsion & aerostructures compete for global market share

E1

Carbon Emissions and 20-Year Market Demand Forecast – Global





- Single-Aisle (SA) Aircraft Families
 - Emit the most carbon (38%)
 - Highest demand
 - 2030s clean sheet design?

TP: Turboprop (pax) RJ: Regional Jet (pax) SA: Single Aisle (pax)

STA: Small Twin Aisle (pax)

LTA: Large Twin Aisle (psx) VLA: Very Large Twin Aisle (pax)

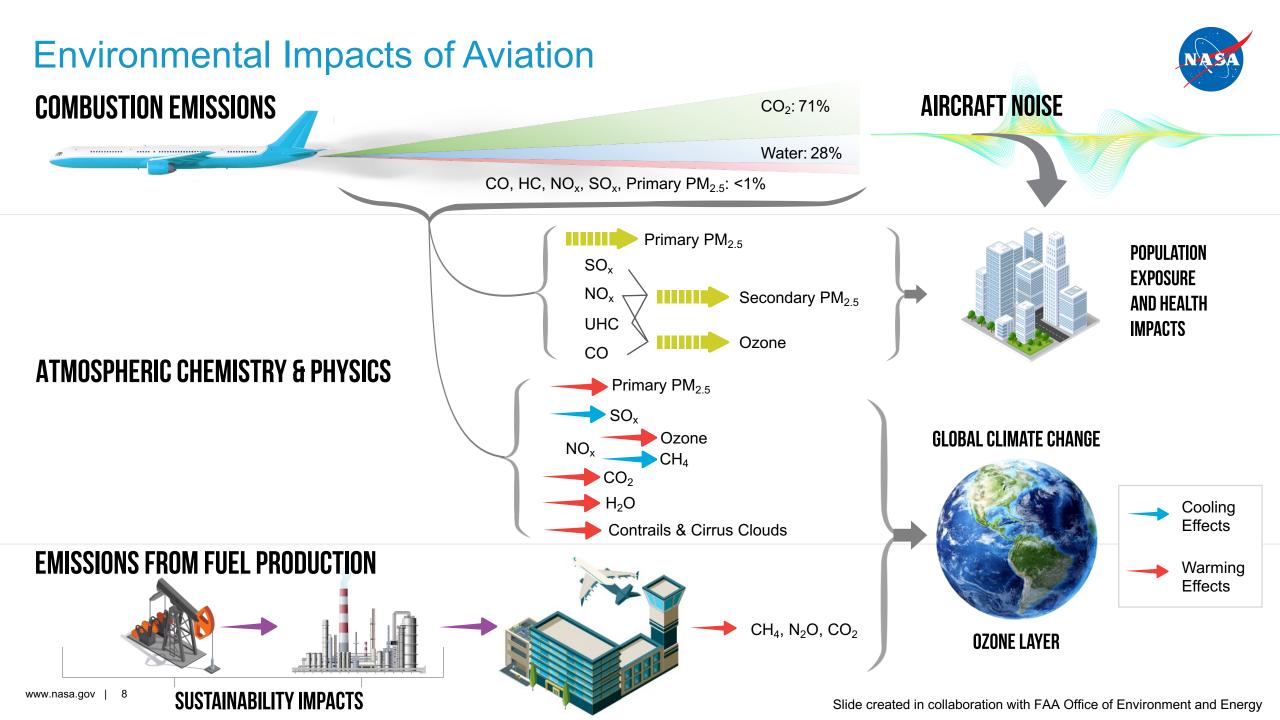
WB: Widebody (STA+LTA+VLA)

Source data:

DoT/Volpe Center, Flemming et al,: basis of 2022 ICAO Environmental Report, Chapter 1, p24

https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Documents/EnvironmentalReports/2022/ICAO%20ENV%20Report%202022%20F4.pdf

Airbus Global Market Forecast (GMF) 2022-41: https://www.airbus.com/sites/g/files/jlcbta136/files/2022-07/GMF-Presentation-2022-2041.pdf Boeing Current Market Outlook (CMO) 2022-41: https://www.boeing.com/commercial/market/commercial-market-outlook/index.page?

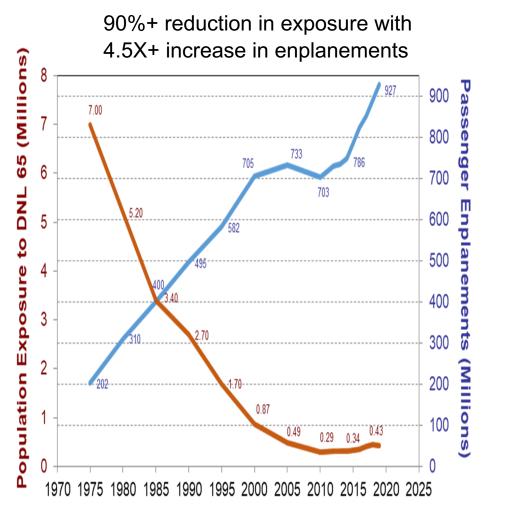


Aviation Noise Impact

Population exposed is a key societal metric dependent on aircraft technology, and number of ops and procedures



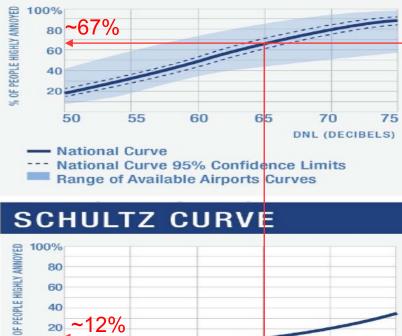
History – FAA Data

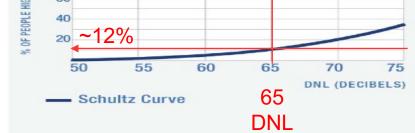


FAA Neighborhood Noise Survey 2021

People are significantly more annoyed by 65 dB DNL now than in the 1970s







www.nasa.gov |

9

Noise Reduction Remains a Key Environmental Driver

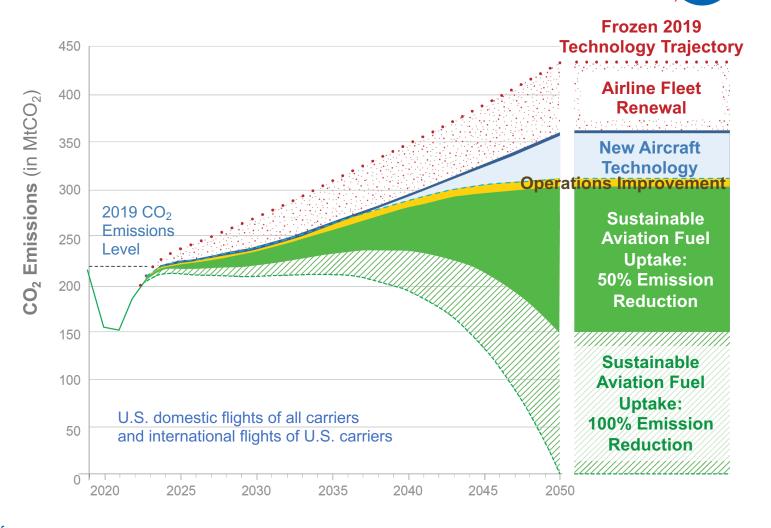
U.S. Aviation Climate Action Plan

Global Context for Sustainable Aviation

U.S. aviation goal is to achieve **net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050.**

U.S. Aviation Climate Action Plan is aligned with

- U.S. economy-wide goal
- International Civil Aviation Organization
- Air Transport Action Group



https://www.faa.gov/sites/faa.gov/files/2021-11/Aviation_Climate_Action_Plan.pdf

The U.S. is working with the global community to achieve net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 using a common basket of measures.



CONTEXT NASA Sustainable Aviation Strategy

Aviation Pillars for a Sustainable Future

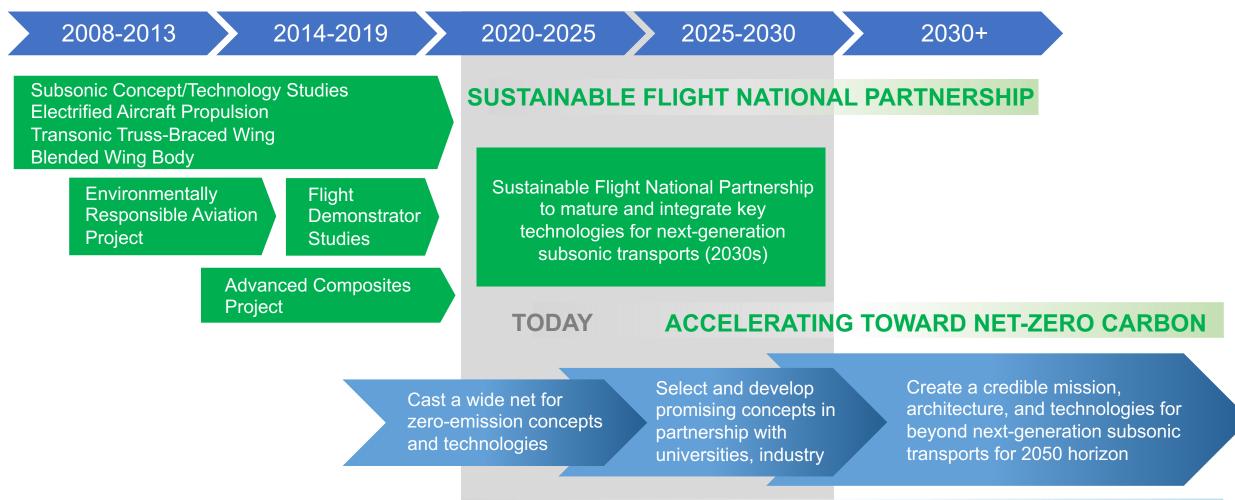
Global Aviation Industry GOAL: net-zero carbon emissions by 2050





NASA Sustainable Aviation Strategy





POWERING AVIATION TO NET-ZERO CARBON AND BEYOND

Investment in innovation today paves the way to a net-zero carbon and beyond aviation future.



Sustainable Flight National Partnership (SFNP)

Sustainable Flight National Partnership

NASA

Accelerating Toward Net-Zero Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduced Non-CO₂ Climate Impact in the 2030s

Advance engine efficiency and emission reduction

Enable integrated trajectory optimization

Advance airframe efficiency and manufacturing rate

Enable use of 100% sustainable aviation fuels

Next-generation transports using up to 30% less fuel, current & future fleet flying optimal trajectories, and engines burning SAF with greater than 50% reduction in lifecycle GHG emissions



Integrated Aviation Systems Program

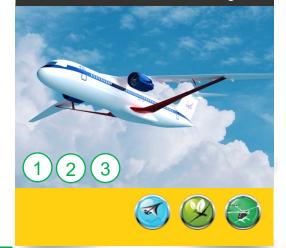


Aerosciences Evaluation and Test Capabilities Portfolio





Advanced Air Vehicles Program



Transformative Aeronautics Concepts Program





Airspace Operations and Safety Program



ARMD PROGRAMS

Sustainable Flight National Partnership (SFNP)

NASA Projects

1 Advanced Air Transport Technology (AATT)

2 Hi-rate Composite Aircraft Manufacturing (HiCAM)*

3 Hybrid Thermally Efficient Core (HyTEC)*

4 Electrified Powertrain Flight Demonstrations (EPFD)*

5 Sustainable Flight Demonstrator (SFD)*

6 Air Traffic Management Exploration (ATM-X)

7 Transformational Tools and Technology (TTT)

* focused SFNP





www.nasa.gov |

Subsonic Transport Technologies

Ensure U.S. industry is the first to establish the new "S Curve" for the next 50 years of transports

Integrated Aircraft System Efficiency Propulsion Airframe Integration Opportunity

Augunou

Aerodynamic Efficiency Transonic Truss-Braced Wing (5-10% fuel burn benefit)

Weight High-Rate Composites (4-6x manufacturing increase)



Engine Efficiency Small Core Gas Turbine (5-10% fuel burn benefit)

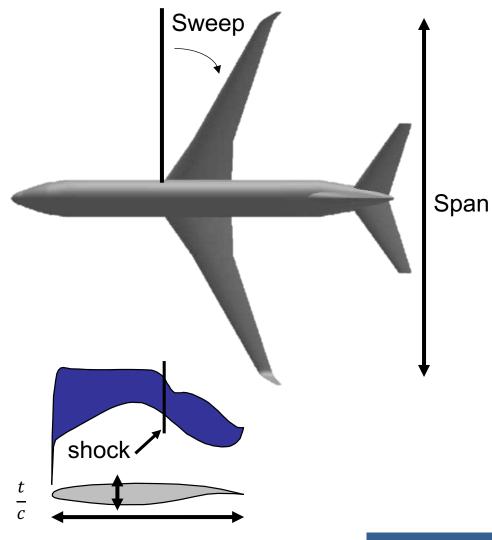




Electrified Aircraft Propulsion ~5% fuel burn and maintenance benefit

Aerodynamic Efficiency (L/D & ML/D)





 $\begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{Drag}} = \text{parasite} + \text{lift induced} + \text{compressibility} \\ C_{\text{D}} &= C_{\text{D0}} &+ \frac{C_{\text{L}}^2}{\pi \ \text{e} \ \text{AR}} &+ C_{\text{D,wave}} \\ \\ C_{\text{D0}} \sim \text{total wetted area} & \text{AR} = \frac{span^2}{area_{ref}} \\ \text{(laminar/turbulent)} \end{array}$

<u>Airfoil/Wing Technology</u> speed, sweep, thickness, & lift trades $\sim M_{\infty} \cos \lambda + \frac{(t/c)}{\cos \lambda} + \frac{c_l}{10 \cos^2 \lambda}$

<u>The Challenge</u> Improving L/D without offsetting weight increase due to high span and thin airfoils

 $\eta_{aerodynamic} \sim \frac{span}{\sqrt{wetted area}}$

Transonic Truss-Braced Wing Technology Maturation

Increase confidence in technology to be robustly integrated in the aircraft system



Thin wing structural design

Unique structural joints





Scope

- Mature and reduce risk of Transonic Truss-Braced Wing (TTBW) technology, focused on:
 - Buffet boundary prediction
 Icing impact
 - Stall characteristics
 - High-lift system integration
 - Acoustic assessment

Benefit

Achieve 5-10% reduction in fuel burn through reduced drag

Approach

- Concept studies through scale model testing
- Perform high-fidelity prediction, testing and validation to increase confidence in fuel burn benefit

Design/analysis studies and wind-tunnel tests are underway. Completed high-speed buffet wind-tunnel test in FY22.

Sustainable Flight Demonstrator

Demonstrate integrated airframe-focused technologies in flight





21

www.nasa.gov

Scope

 Develop and fly integrated airframe-focused technology flight demonstrator with U.S. industry to mature technologies that enable the next-generation single-aisle aircraft in the 2030s.

Benefit

 Validate promising technologies, retire technical risks, and mature to TRL 6 key synergistic commercial transport vehicle technologies. Combined, these technologies could support efficiency and environmental performance goals for the 2030s.

Approach

- Competitive selection through Funded Space Act Agreement
- Partner with industry to demonstrate promising integrated airframe-focused technologies in flight including nontraditional configuration

Risk Reduction Contracts August 2021 – September 2022 Design/Build/Fly Funded Space Act Agreement Awarded January 18, 2023 - 1st Flight 2028

Sustainable Flight Demonstrator (SFD) Project

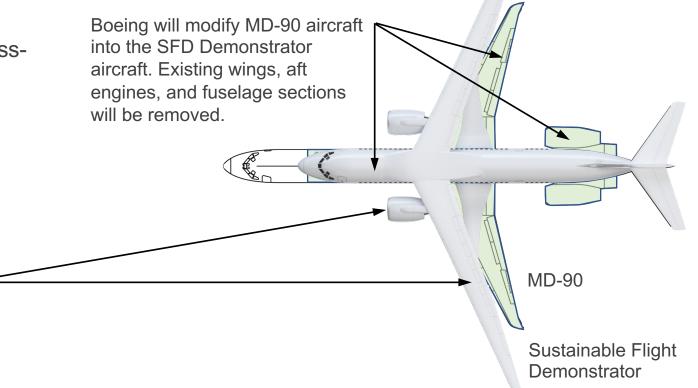


- Awarded a Funded Space Act Agreement (FSAA) to Boeing in January 2023 to design, build, test and fly an advanced airframe configuration demonstrator aircraft and related technologies to dramatically reduce fuel burn and CO₂ emissions.
 - \$425M direct NASA investment + NASA facilities/ labor of ~\$125M over 7 years
 - \$725M funding from Boeing and industry partners
- Boeing's Transonic Truss Braced Wing (TTBW) configuration utilizes a high aspect ratio, thin, trussbraced wing design to reduce drag and optimize fuel efficiency.



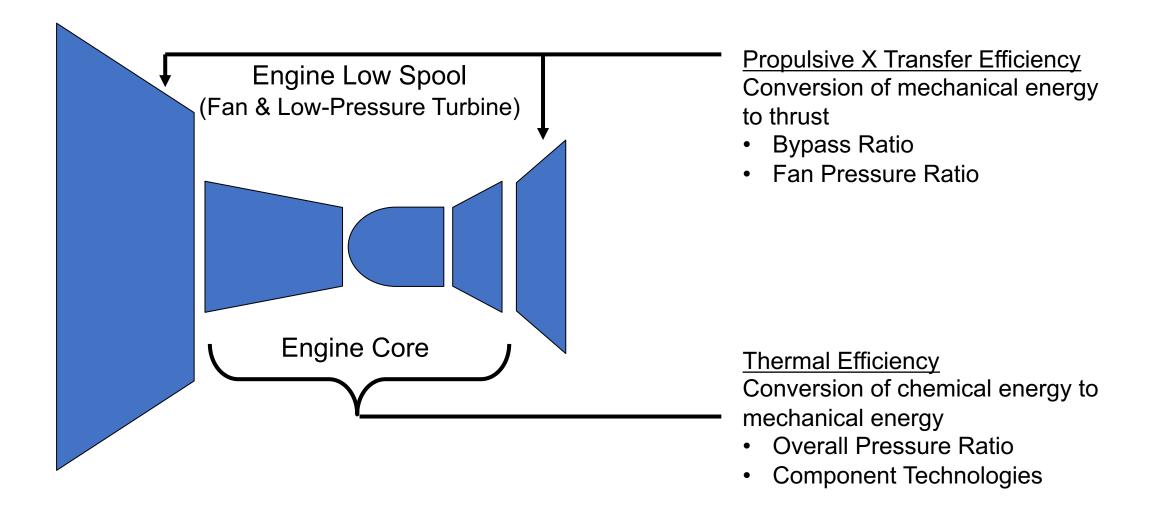
SFD modification includes addition of Transonic Truss-Braced Wing and subsystems, modern turbofan engines, and instrumentation.

- Demonstrator aircraft will be a MD-90 aircraft modified with a truss-braced wing and shortened fuselage.
 - First flight planned for 2028.
- Completing the flight tests in the 2020s to enable the industry to evaluate the utilization of the related technologies for the 2030s market.



Engine Efficiency (SFC)

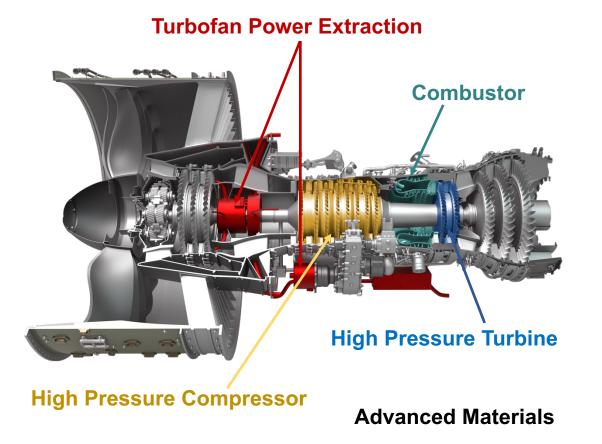




 $\eta_{overall} = \eta_{thermal} \times \eta_{propulsive} \times \eta_{transfer}$

Hybrid Thermally Efficient Core

Accelerate development and demonstration of advanced turbine engine technologies



Scope

 Develop and demonstrate in integrated ground tests engine core technologies to Increase thermal efficiency, reduce engine core size and facilitate hybridization

Benefit

- Achieve **5-10% fuel burn reduction** versus 2020 best in class
- Achieve up to 20% power extraction (4 times current state of the art) at altitude to optimize propulsion system performance and enable hybridization
- Achieve small core combustors with efficient, effective operability using high blend (>80%) Sustainable Aviation Fuels (SAFs)

Approach

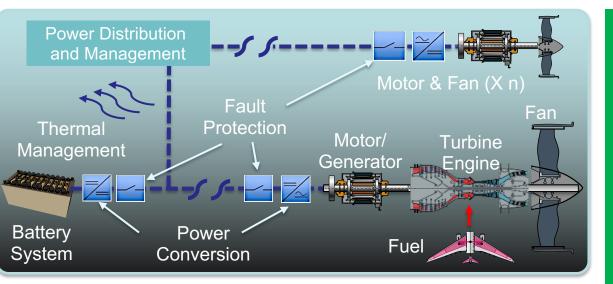
Partner with industry to mature and demonstrate promising technologies

Phase 1 Small-core turbofan technology contract awards were made in September 2021. Phase 2 Engine core demonstration proposals received May 3, 2023.

Focused Technologies for Electrified Aircraft Propulsion



Retire barrier technical and integration risks for megawatt-class electrified aircraft propulsion systems





Scope

- Address critical challenges for electrified aircraft propulsion by maturing and reducing risk for Electrified Aircraft Propulsion (EAP) technology, focused on:
 - Mass and weight reduction
 - Electrical losses
 - Reliability

Benefit

- EMI, power quality, dynamic stability
- Limits on DC voltage levels
- System design and integration
- Accelerate U.S. industry readiness to transition to EAP-based commercial transport aircraft.
- Reduce key risks for a range of future applications and help enable new standards that are needed for EAP-based aircraft certification

Approach

- Conduct technology-focused integrated ground tests
- Partner with industry on testing of electrified propulsion architectures and component technologies
- Leverage prior electric aircraft propulsion advances (TRL ~4)

Architecture development and high-power component tests are underway. Completed Altitude Integrated Test of high-power, high-voltage powertrain FY22

Electrified Powertrain Flight Demonstration

Demonstrate integrated electrified powertrains in flight using industry platforms





Scope

- Demonstrate practical vehicle-level integration of megawatt-class electrified aircraft propulsion systems, leveraging advanced airframe systems to reinvigorate the regional and emerging smaller aircraft markets and strengthen the single aisle aircraft market.
- Assess gaps in regulations/standards to support future Electrified Aircraft Propulsion (EAP) certification requirements.

Benefit

- Accelerate U.S. industry readiness to transition to EAP-based commercial transport aircraft.
- Enable new standards that are needed for EAP-based aircraft certification.

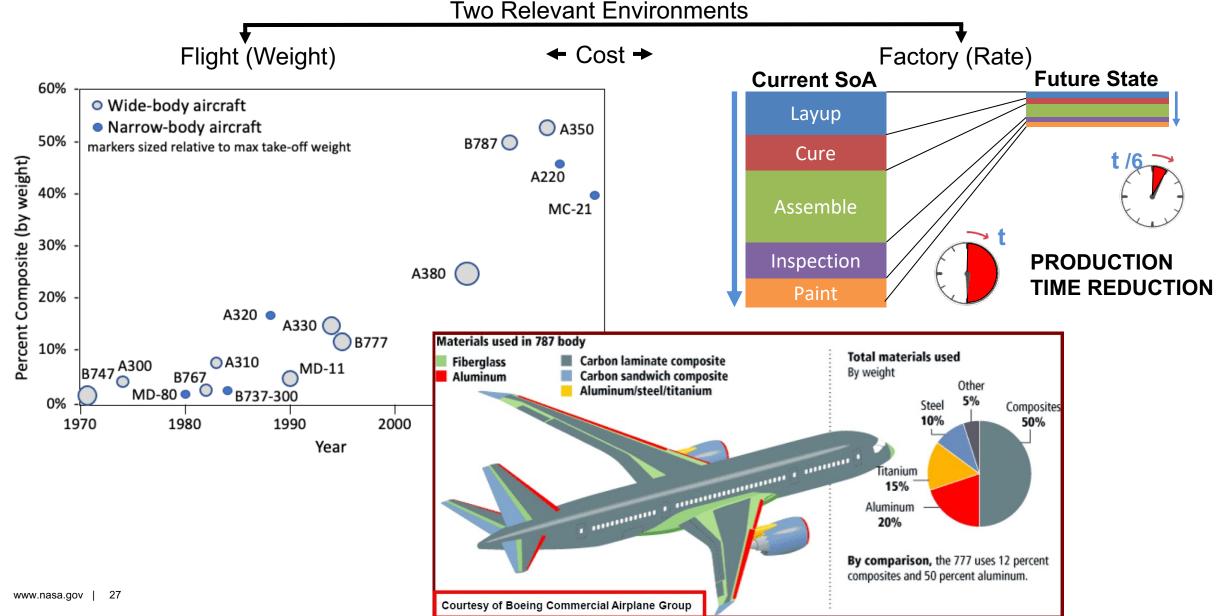
Approach

- Engage with U.S. industry to integrate and demonstrate megawatt-class EAP machines in flight.
- Engage with the FAA, SAE, ASTM, etc. to contribute data that inform EAP standards and regulations.

Flight demonstration contracts awarded in September 2021. Baseline unmodified flight testing of GE's Saab 340B conducted February-March

Structural Efficiency (W₀) at Rate





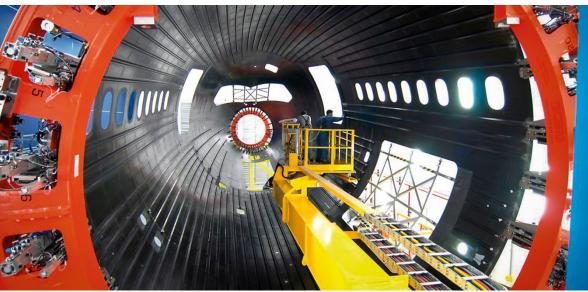
Hi-Rate Composite Aircraft Manufacturing

4-6x production rate increase without cost or weight penalty



Production Rate per Month

- Metals SOA: 60
- Composites SOA: 10-15
 Target: 80-100



Scope

- Explore and advance high-rate composite manufacturing and assembly technologies
 - Evolving State-of-Art (SOA) thermosets, thermoplastics, resin transfer molding
 - Materials, processes, and architectures
 - Develop model-based engineering tools for high-rate manufacturing concepts

Benefit

 Increased manufacturing rates for composite aircraft structures to meet future production requirements and enable market penetration for lightweight composite materials

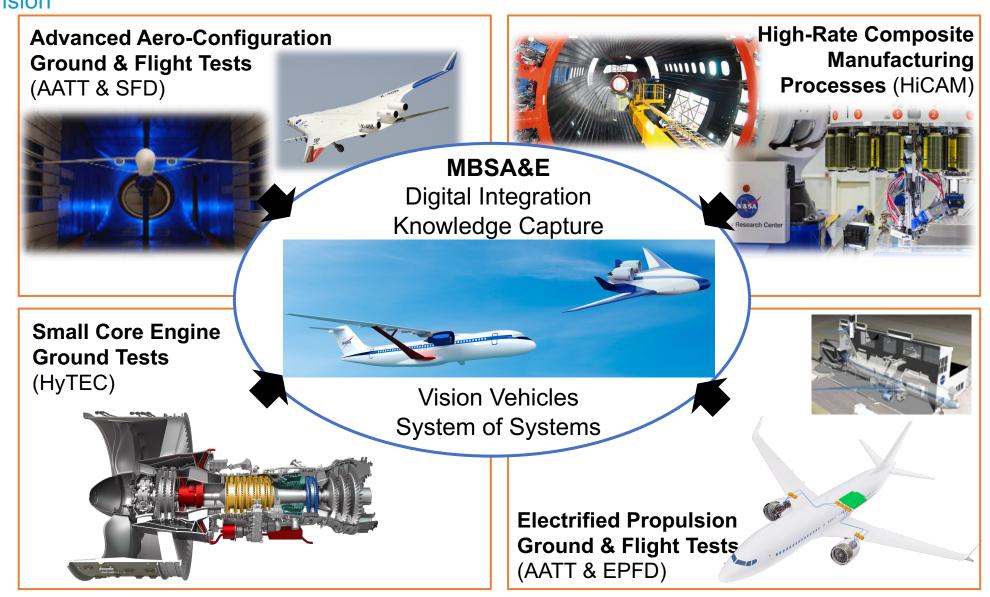
Approach

- Leverage advances in simulation including methods from Advanced Composites project
- Partner with industry for rapid prototype and evaluation of manufacturing concepts
- Demonstrate technologies in large structural ground tests

8 multi-party cooperative research teams developing technology. Phase 1 awards made March 2023 to advance manufacturing process work.

Model-Based Systems Analysis & Engineering SFNP Vision

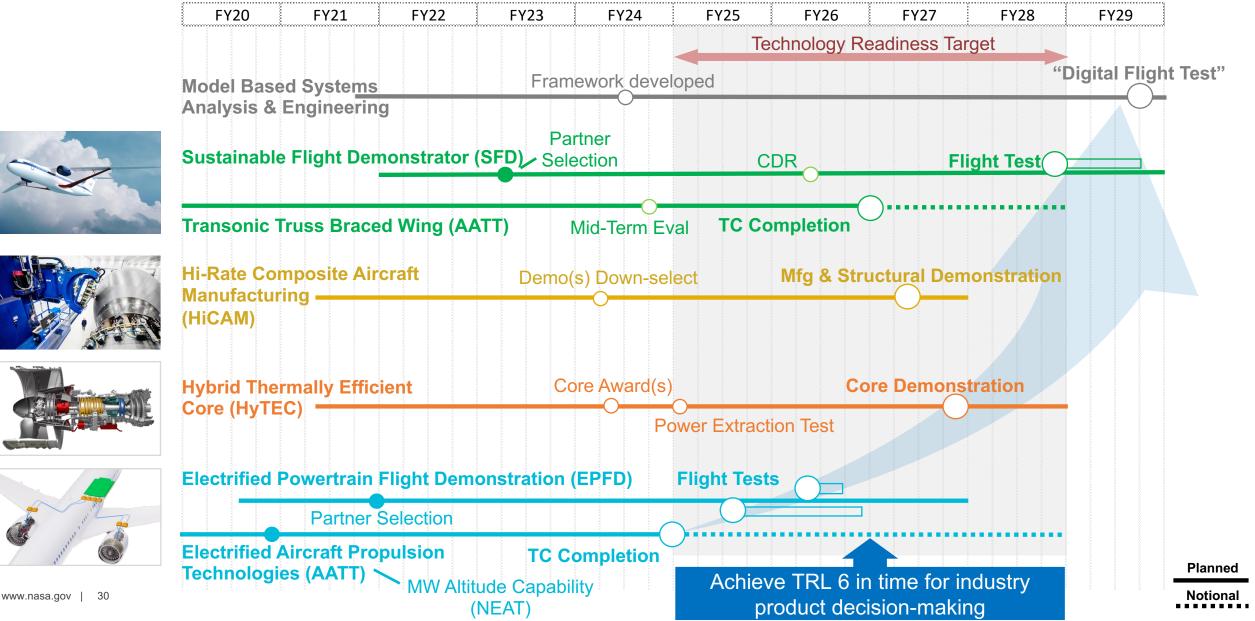




Systems-level, digital integration across SFNP projects capped by a Digital Flight Test

Subsonic Transports: Integrated Technology Development







Sustainable Aviation Operations Demonstrations





Evolution of Airspace Operations and Safety

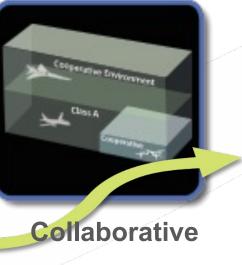




+ Efficiency and proactive planning









+ Complexity, scalability, and dynamic adaptation



Highly-Automated

Digital Transformation of ATM

Integrated predictive risk mitigation across domains

Automatically-assured adaptive in-time safety management

Today

Trajectory

Automated in-time safety

monitoring and alerting services

2035



NASA Led SFNP Operations Demonstrations



Collaborative Digital Departure Reroute (SFNP-Ops-1, FY22-26)

Sustainable Oceanic Airborne Re-Routing (SFNP-Ops-2, FY27)

Irregular Ops Recovery/Disruption Management (SFNP-Ops-3, FY28)

4D Trajectory Optimization (SFNP-Ops-4, FY30)

SFNP-Ops = Sustainable Flight National Partnerships - Operations

Sustainability Goals: Deliver reduction in emissions, fuel, and noise of aviation operations through digital services technology

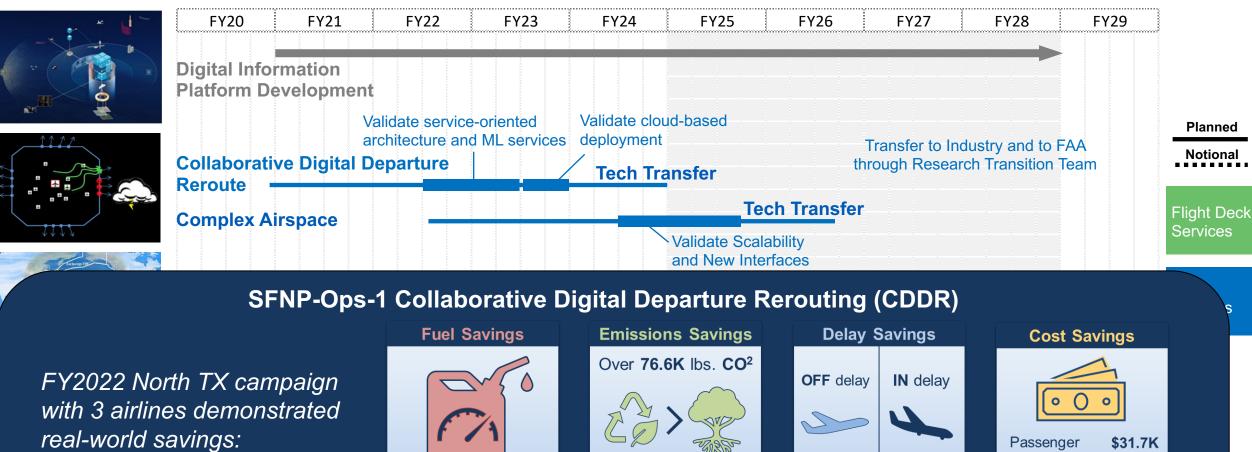
Sustainable Aviation Operations Demonstrations

Over 24K lbs.



\$6.9K

Flight Crew



FY2023 North TX campaign features additional capabilities to unlock more savings:

Full cloud-based implementation for nation-wide scalability
Provide information to broader range of airline decision makers

Over 569 urban trees

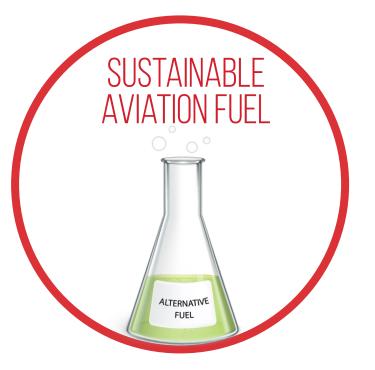
- Provide information to broader range of airline decision makers
 Dravide additional information to Air Traffic Control decision makers
- Provide additional information to Air Traffic Control decision makers

3.9+ hrs

4.7+ hrs



Sustainable Aviation Fuel and Non-CO₂ Impacts



NASA = Supporting Role

Sustainable Aviation Fuels

Enable the use of 100% sustainable aviation fuels (SAF) and reduce climate impact



Scope

 Support adoption of high-blend ratio sustainable aviation jet fuels

Benefits

- Reduced aviation environmental impact
- Reduced uncertainty for climate impact of aviation-induced cloudiness
- Improved efficiency/emissions with drop-in synthetic and biofuels

Approach

 Characterize high-blend sustainable aviation jet fuel emissions on ground and in flight

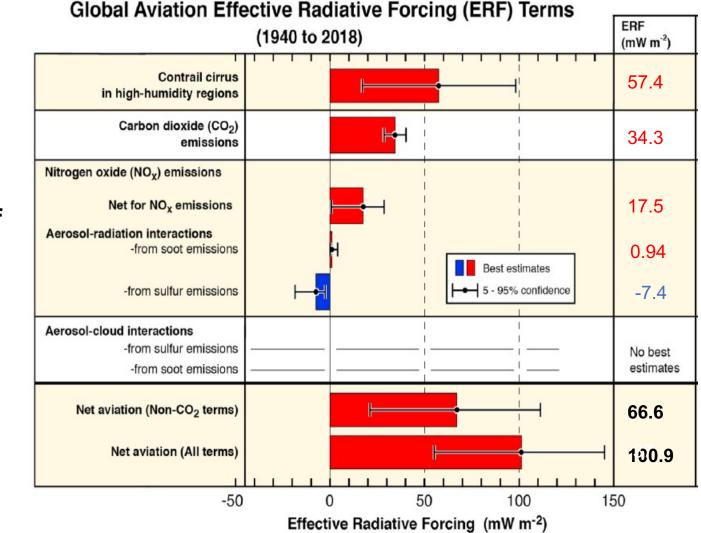
Future SAF Research Plans in Development

Climate Scientists' View of Aviation Impacts

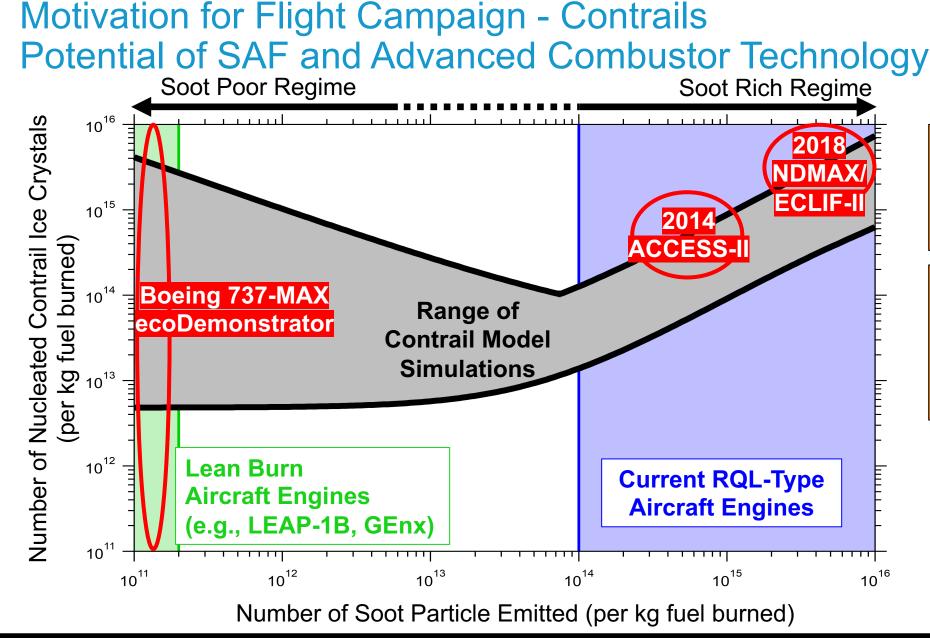


- Lee et al. (2021) represents latest and most comprehensive assessment of aviation's climate impacts
- Non-CO₂ impacts comprise two-thirds of the net radiative forcing from aviation
- Lot of uncertainty in these estimates. Cruise observational data critically lacking!

Lee et al. (2021) "The contribution of global aviation to anthropogenic climate forcing for 2000 to 2018" *Atmospheric Environment*, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2020.117834</u>



"...to halt aviation's contribution to global warming, the aviation sector would need to achieve net-zero CO_2 emissions and declining non-CO₂ radiative forcing ..: neither condition is sufficient alone." Lee et al. (2021)₃₇



Need to understand the "soot-poor" regime and do it at flight altitude to understand contrails

Need to fly aircraft with lean burn combustor tech (e.g. 737-MAX) at flight altitude to understand contrails

Figure adapted from Kärcher, *Nature Communications*, 2018.

Red circles show the approximate Number EIs observed during the 2014 ACCESS-II and 2018 ND-MAX/ECLIF-II flight test series.

Moore et al., Nature, 2017; Voigt et al., Nature Comms. Earth & Environ., 2021

Flight Required to Link Emissions to Contrails – Combustor Tech + SAF Important Future SAF/Emissions Research Plans in Development

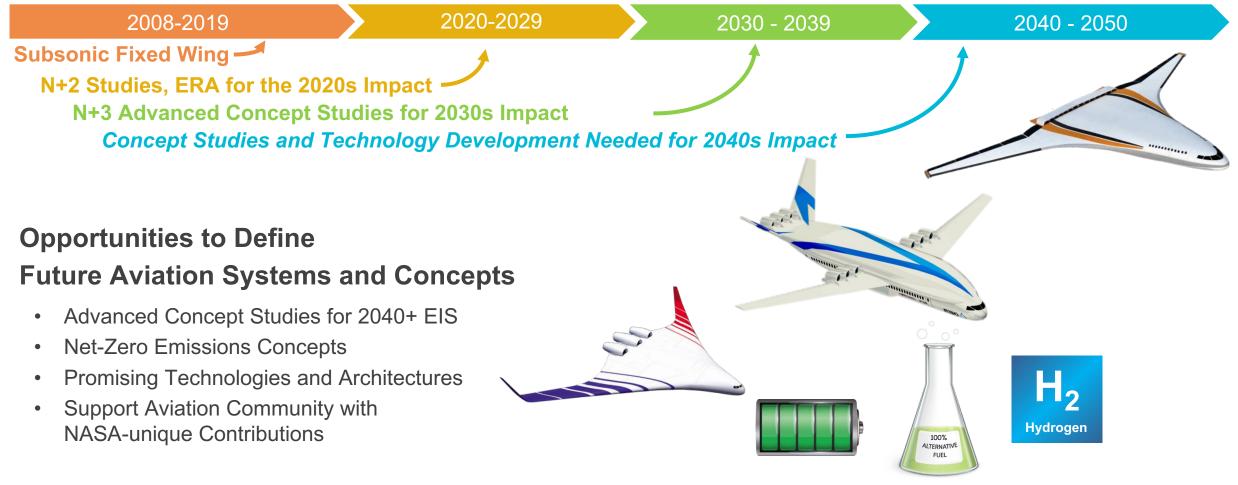


Beyond SFNP requires early-stage R&D today

Long-Term Transport Technology and Innovation



Generational studies to inform future technology investments



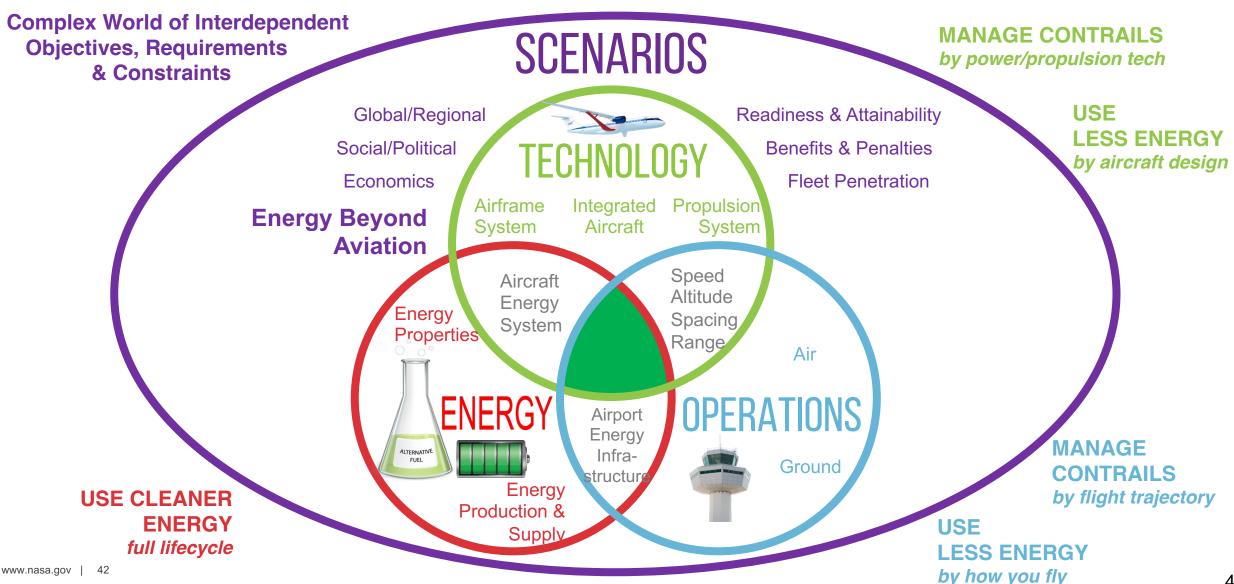


Concluding Remarks

Integrated Aviation Pillars for Sustainable Aviation

in broader context

NASA



Global aviation faces significant challenges to sustainable growth

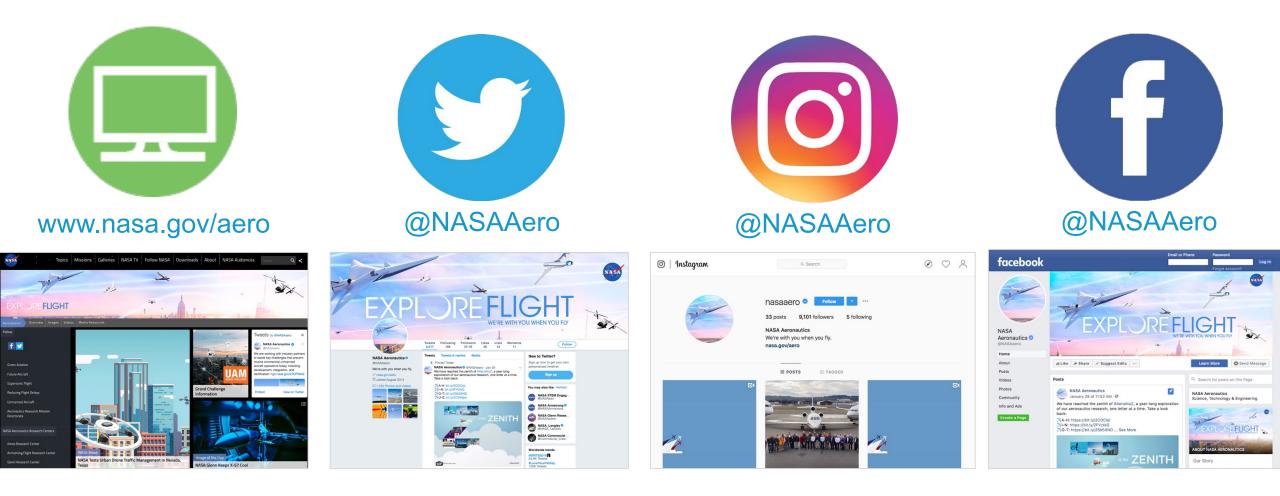
- Halt aviation's contribution to global warming without suppressing flight demand and without out-of-sector offsets, while remaining a viable and valued cornerstone of transportation (safe, clean, quiet, efficient, operable, economical, marketable)
- Challenges require multiple, often interdependent, solutions across technology, operations, and energy domains
- No silver bullets

NASA Aeronautics addressing the challenges of Sustainable Aviation

- Maturing and demonstrating the most promising solutions for application in the 2030s
- Exploring innovative solutions for application 2040+

Follow Us





www.nasa.gov/aeroresearch/solicitations

www.nasa.gov/aeroresearch/strategy